





# **Market Research**



# **Dominant Events of the Period**

Monday, December 28, 2015 14:30 GMT

ARKET RESEARCH

# Yellow Area

December 21

13:00 - 17:00

- US Chicago Fed National Activity Index
- EMU Flash Consumer Confidence

urquo	ise	Area

December 22

07:00 - 17:30

- German Gfk
   Consumer
   Confidence Survey
- Swiss Trade Balance
- Swedish Retail Sales, PPI
- UK Public Sector Net Borrowing
- US GDP, Housing Price Index

# Blue Area December 23

12:00 - 16:30

US Personal Income, Personal Spending, Personal Consumption Expenditures, Durable Goods Orders

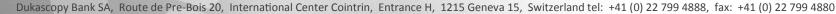
# **Purple Area**

December 24

12:00 - 18:00

US Jobless Claims

USD Currency Index Change	-0.15%	-0.24%	0.09%	-0.04%	
Max USD Volatility Index	1.03	0.81	1.14	0.96	



Days

5

20

130

250

EUR

0.01%

2.17%

1.39%

-3.96%

USD

-1.05%

-1.76%

3.5%

7.84%

**JPY** 

-0.11%

0.38%

5.38%

7.9%

Change, %

the GBP Index to fall, costing it 1.40% on Tuesday.

The dollar's index showed an almost unwavering downward trend during the week. It started to decline from the very beginning of the period, falling to 99.8 points ahead of the US Chicago Fed National Activity Index release on Monday. Later, despite the unexpectedly high US GDP and housing price data, the measure continued to fall. On Wednesday, against the background of the US durable goods orders report, the index made a move to recover, but the attempt has failed, and the measure returned to its previous course. The rest of the week was tranquil with the holidays, leaving the USD Index to fall from 99.4 to 98.9 points and finish the period with greatest weekly loss.

99.5 99.0 98.5 SEK FUR USD IPY GBP CHF AUD CAD NZD

# **Relative Currency Strength**

The past week was short on trading days, but not on market shockers, and the observed currencies managed to go through some notable ups and downs. The Swedish retail sales pushed the SEK index up on Tuesday, ultimately making it the best performer of the period with a 1.14% increase. Meanwhile, the Pacific currencies retained an upward trend and stably held their leading positions, gaining about 0.70% over the week. The Greenback's gauge, on the other hand, was gradually decreasing through the whole period and ended the week with the worst result, losing 1.05 points. The short week was also hard on the pound, as the unexpectedly high UK public sector net borrowing forced



N7D

0.69%

3.46%

5.12%

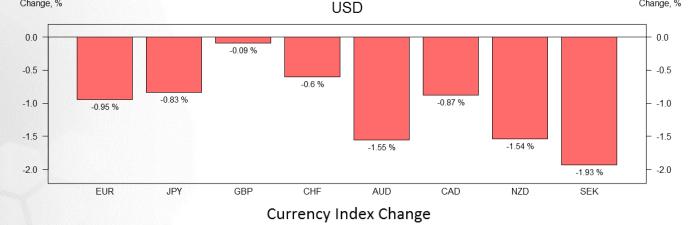
CAD

-0.06%

-6.12%

-8.62%

-11.73%



CHE

-0.38%

2.79%

-2.69%

7.93%

AUD

0.71%

-0.64%

-3%

-4.56%

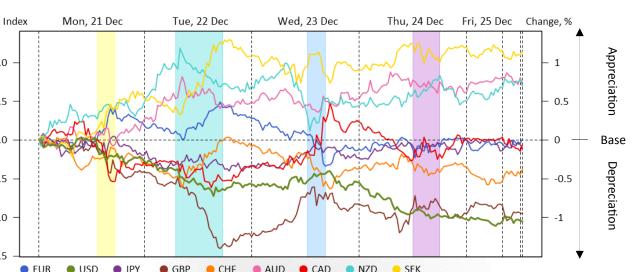
GBP

-0.95%

-2.63%

-2.33%

3.07%



**Currency Indexes** 



101.0

100.5

100.0



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Change, %

SEK

1.14%

2.62%

1.67%

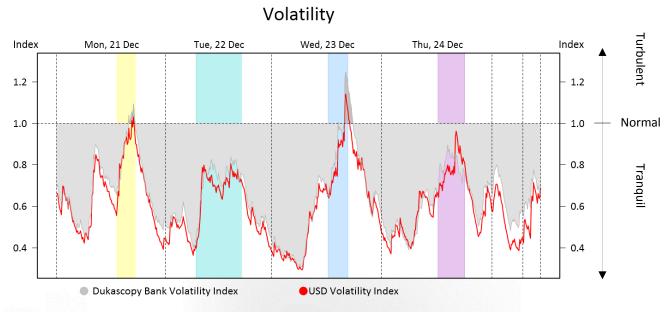
-0.09%



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# Volatility



the reference line – on Monday and Wednesday. For the first time the index started to rise against the background of the US Chicago Fed National Activity Index, and at the time of the US 3-month and 6month bill auction reached the 1.03 mark. On Tuesday, the US GDP report failed to push the USD volatility measure above the historical level, and despite the importance of the news the index managed to reach only the 0.80 mark. The next surge of the USD volatility took place on Wednesday. The increase of the USD volatility index started after the US durable goods orders data came out, and a few hours later, by the time of the US new home sales release, the measure hit its moderate maximum of 1.14 points. The holiday week saw a notable decline in the trading activity, with the portion of elevated market volatility on an incredibly low level of 3%. Despite the Greenback's movements in the beginning of the week, the USD Volatility Index only managed to exceed the historical average twice and for very brief moments, resulting in reduction of the portion of overturbulence to 1%. Among the USD components, EUR/USD and AUD/SUD were the calmest, while GBP/USD, USD/CAD, and USD/SEK demonstrated a somewhat higher degree of activity, pushing their portions of elevated volatility above the 10% mark.

The USD Volatility Index had only two spikes above

## Elevated Volatility (% of the observed period)

Market	USD	EURUSD	USDJPY	GBPUSD	USDCHF	AUDUSD	USDCAD	NZDUSD	USDSEK
3	1	1	2	16	3	1	19	5	11

## Volatility Index (for the observed period)

	Market	USD	EURUSD	USDJPY	GBPUSD	USDCHF	AUDUSD	USDCAD	NZDUSD	USDSEK
Max	1.25	1.14	1.2	1.22	1.61	1.27	1.05	1.88	2.03	1.31
Min	0.31	0.29	0.16	0.24	0.26	0.21	0.27	0.15	0.24	0.25
Average	0.65	0.61	0.51	0.58	0.69	0.56	0.59	0.69	0.62	0.65

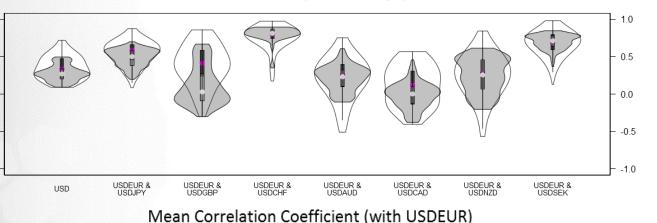
Mon, 21 Dec Tue, 22 Dec Wed, 23 Dec Thu, 24 Dec Fri, 25 Dec Correlation 0.52 0.28 0.04 -0.8 -0.7 -0.6 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 07 0.8 -0.5 -0.4 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 0.1 0.9 average

0.0

sliding down from the rate hike fuelled surge, and it proved to set the mood for the short holiday period. Moreover, the uneventful end of the week brought negative values into the dollar's correlations, bringing the composite below the 0.10 points mark at the period's low and leaving its average below the significance threshold. Some major shifts were also observed among the USD/EUR components, where the pair's average correlation with USD/CAD slipped into negative area, and the usually moderately strong bond with USD/GBP produces values close to zero. The only strengthening was observed in

The dollar's significance measure entered the week

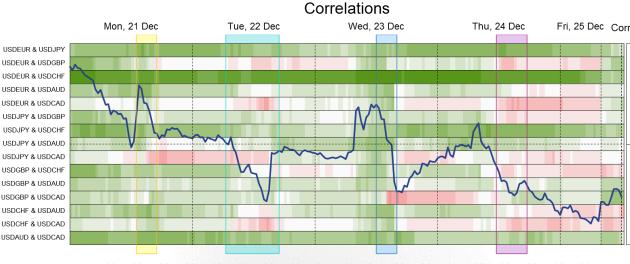
Correlations (5 vs 20 days)



Days	USD	USDJPY	USDGBP	USDCHF	USDAUD	USDCAD	USDNZD	USDSEK
5	0.28	0.48	0.12	0.8	0.21	-0.02	0.24	0.7
20	0.35	0.55	0.39	0.76	0.22	0.11	0.25	0.68
130	0.38	0.49	0.44	0.74	0.29	0.27	0.31	0.73
250	0.43	0.45	0.52	0.7	0.41	0.37	0.43	0.73

USD/EUR-USD/CHF the component, whose distribution notably thinned its lower tail and 1.0 average value stood above the long-term readings 0.5 at 0.80.

The dollar's composite was showing a clear downtrend throughout the week, with only three -0.5 feeble upticks. The first one took place on Monday, as the Greenback dipped against its peers in the -1.0 afternoon. Wednesday's peak, in turn, formed against the background of a modest rise of the USD Index, while Thursday's strengthening was a result of the dollar's gradual decline. Aside from these occurrences, the measure spent the week below the significance threshold, becoming the weakest gauge amongst its counterparts.





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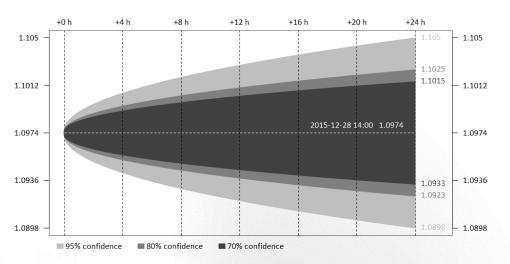
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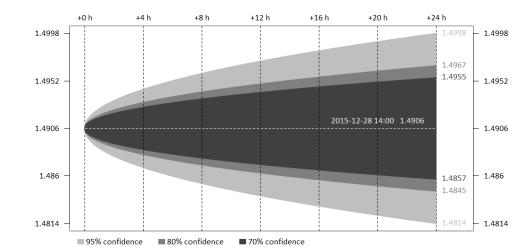


# **Confidence Intervals for Next 24 Hours**

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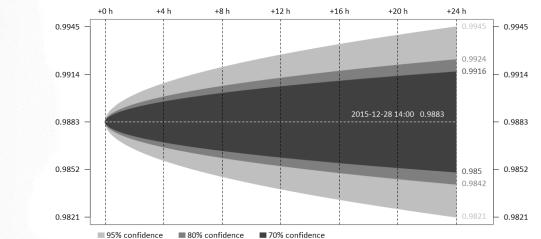


### EURUSD Potential Rates

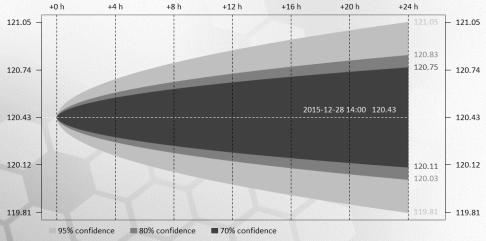


### GBPUSD Potential Rates

USDCHF Potential Rates



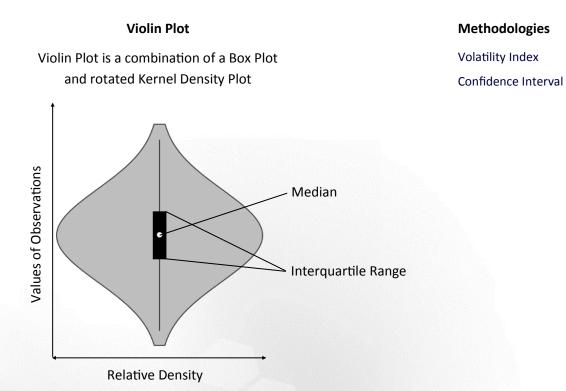
### USDJPY Potential Rates





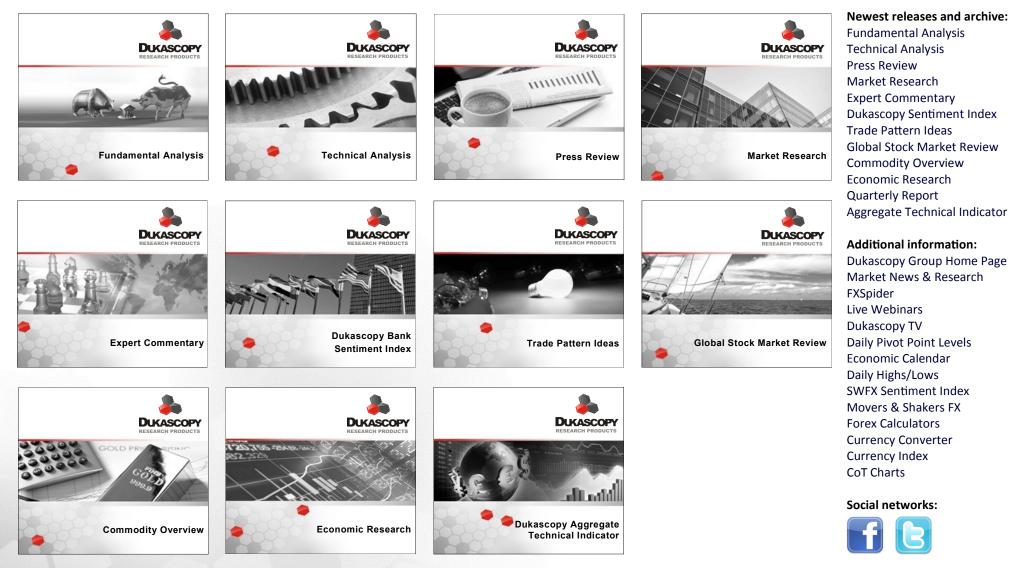


# **EXPLANATIONS**



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