





# **Market Research**



## **Dominant Events of the Period**

Monday, February 02, 2015 16:30 GMT

MARKET RESEARCH

### Yellow Area

January 26

03:00 - 16:30

- German Ifo Survey
- Eurogroup Meeting

Turquoise Area	
January 27	

08:00 - 17:30

- EcoFin Meeting
- <u>UK Flash GDP</u>, <u>BBA</u> Mortgage Approvals
- <u>US Durable Goods</u>
  <u>Orders, Flash Markit</u>
  <u>PMI, New Home</u>
  <u>Sales, Consumer</u>
  Confidence

Blue Area

## January 28

00:00 - 20:30

- Australian CPI
- <u>German Gfk</u>
  <u>Consumer Confidence</u>
  <u>Survey</u>
- <u>BOE's Governor</u>
  <u>Speech</u>
- Fed's Monetary Policy <u>Statement</u>
- <u>RBNZ Monetary</u>
  <u>Policy Statement</u>

Purple Area

January 29

07:30 - 17:00

- <u>German</u>
  <u>Unemployment Rate</u>,
  <u>Flash CPI</u>, HICP
- <u>Euro Zone Consumer</u> Confidence
- <u>US Jobless Claims,</u>
  <u>Pending Home Sales</u>

### **Orange Area**

January 30

09:00 - 20:00

- <u>UK Consumer Credit</u>
- <u>Euro Zone Flash CPI,</u> <u>Unemployment Rate</u>
- Canadian GDP
  - <u>US Flash GDP</u>, Flash Personal Consumption Expenditures, <u>Chicago PMI</u>, <u>UoM</u> <u>Consumer Sentiment</u> <u>Index</u>

USD Currency Index Range	0.32%	0.74%	0.88%	0.87%	0.4%	
Max USD Volatility Index	1.36	1.6	1.88	1.5	1.71	

-1.11 %

Change, %

5

4

3

2

0

-1

## **Relative Currency Strength**

-0.36 %

-0.39 %

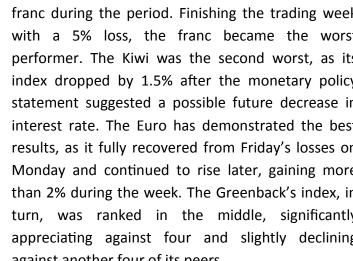
Appreciation

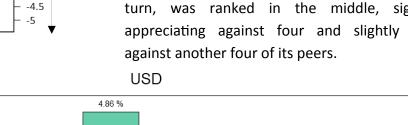
Base

Depreciation

Majority of the currency indexes grew against the background of progressive weakening of the Swiss franc during the period. Finishing the trading week with a 5% loss, the franc became the worst performer. The Kiwi was the second worst, as its index dropped by 1.5% after the monetary policy statement suggested a possible future decrease in interest rate. The Euro has demonstrated the best results, as it fully recovered from Friday's losses on Monday and continued to rise later, gaining more than 2% during the week. The Greenback's index, in turn, was ranked in the middle, significantly appreciating against four and slightly declining

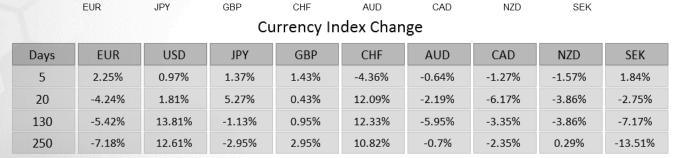
2.27 %

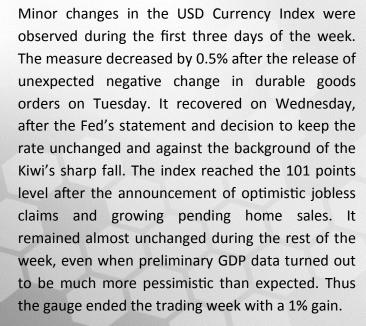




1.48 %

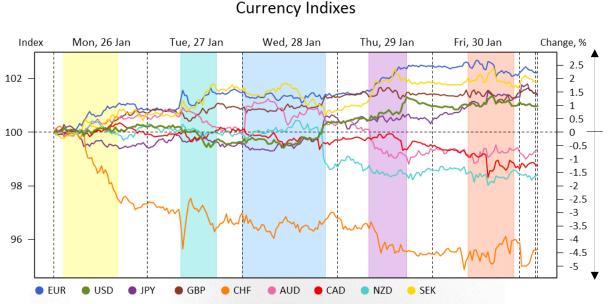
2 %





-0.79 %









Monday, February 02, 2015

16:30 GMT

Change, %

5

4

3

2

0

· -1

## Volatility

Volatility Index Index Tue, 27 Jan Wed, 28 Jan Fri, 30 Jan Mon, 26 Jan Thu, 29 Jan 2.0 2.0 Turbulent 1.5 1.5 1.0 Normal 1.0 Tranquil 0.5 0.5 Dukascopy Bank Volatility Index USD Volatility Index

and prompted the Greenback's turbulence measure to its third greatest value and 0.1 points above the market's gauge. On Friday, the Loonie tumbled as the Canadian GDP posted a 0.2% decline, raising concerns over a possible rate cut in March, while the US flash GDP disappointed the forecasts, and the second highest peak of the USD Volatility Index was taken. Notably, the dollar's volatility components jumped higher than the respective currencies' composites on the Australian and the Canadian news, reaching 5.5% vs 4.0% and 3.2% vs 2.4%, respectively. Among other events, the US consumer confidence surging far above the forecasts caused a movement that kept the USD volatility above the market's gauge for four hours on Tuesday afternoon, with the maximum value of the gap reaching 0.2 points.

### Elevated Volatility (% of the observed period)

Market	USD	EURUSD	USDJPY	GBPUSD	USDCHF	AUDUSD	USDCAD	NZDUSD	USDSEK
52	46	39	21	36	39	52	30	55	42

### Volatility Index (for the observed period)

	Market	USD	EURUSD	USDJPY	GBPUSD	USDCHF	AUDUSD	USDCAD	NZDUSD	USDSEK
Max	2.05	1.88	2.35	2.93	2.01	2.16	5.48	3.24	4.27	2.03
Min	0.55	0.47	0.3	0.22	0.33	0.22	0.39	0.23	0.53	0.3
Average	1.01	0.97	0.94	0.83	0.93	0.95	1.12	0.91	1.13	0.93



Monday, February 02, 2015 16:30 GMT

It seemed that the past week's turbulence was all about speculations on future interest rates moves across the globe. On Wednesday morning, Australian CPI numbers missed the forecast by only 0.1%, cooling the tension around a possible rate cut in February and lifting the Aussie against its peers. Later in the day, RBNZ did the opposite and pushed the Kiwi down, saying that the next adjustment might take the rate either higher or lower. The dollar's volatility index jumped to its highest peak on the New Zealand news, and to the fourth highest on the Australian event. The Fed released it's statement between the two occurrences, showing no signs of backing down from the widely awaited rate hike later this year,



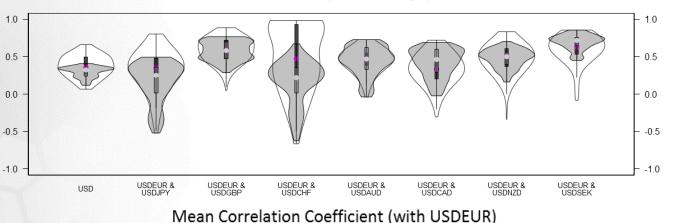
## **Currency Significance**

Correlations Wed, 28 Jan Mon, 26 Jan Tue, 27 Jan Thu, 29 Jan Fri, 30 Jan Correlation 0.46 USDEUR & USDJPY USDEUR & USDGBP USDEUR & USDCHF USDEUR & USDAUD USDEUR & USDCAD USDJPY & USDGBF USDJPY & USDCHF USDJPY & USDAUD 0.26 USDJPY & USDCAD USDGBP & USDCHF USDGBP & USDAUD USDGBP & USDCAD USDCHF & USDAUD USDCHF & USDCAD USDAUD & USDCAD 0.07 -0.8 -0.6 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 07 0.8 0.9 -0.9 -0.7 -0.5 -0.4 -0.3 -0.2 -0 1 average

The significance measure started the period on the 0.37 mark and spent the beginning of the week fluctuating in a range from 0.25 to 0.38 points. Nevertheless, on Wednesday afternoon the strength of most of the components weakened, and the composite started to gradually decline. By Thursday morning the measure reduced to the 0.19 mark, but then abruptly turned to recovery. The composite started to grow right after the German unemployment data came out. Other impetuses for the growth of the composite were German CPI and US jobless claims releases, and on Friday morning the measure was at 0.41. The unexpectedly low Euro zone CPI then caused another fall of the measure, and it dropped to 0.12, ending the week on its minimum level.

The US dollar significance measure's attempt to recover in the previous period was cut short in the past week, and the gauge showed a downward trend during the observed days. As a result, averages of the composite and some of the components decreased. Thus, the composite lost 0.02 points, but the EUR/ USD bonds with USD/JPY and USD/CHF weakened by 0.13 and 0.16 points, respectively. In turn, EUR/USD average correlations with other dollar's pairs rose by 0.02-0.18 points. However, despite the increase of some averages, all observed components showed a tendency toward reduction, and ended the period on relatively low levels.

### Correlations (5 vs 20 days)



Days	USD	USDJPY	USDGBP	USDCHF	USDAUD	USDCAD	USDNZD	USDSEK
5	0.29	0.15	0.57	0.16	0.44	0.41	0.48	0.7
20	0.37	0.32	0.59	0.48	0.45	0.33	0.48	0.61
130	0.47	0.46	0.55	0.82	0.49	0.39	0.52	0.64
250	0.39	0.32	0.48	0.84	0.37	0.28	0.41	0.6

Monday, February 02, 2015 16:30 GMT

ARKET RESEARCH









+0 h

118.86

118.07

117.27

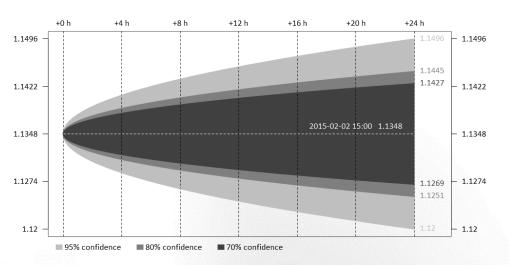
116.47

115.68



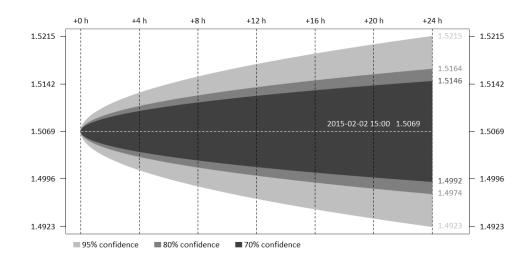
## **Confidence Intervals for Next 24 Hours**

Monday, February 02, 2015 16:30 GMT

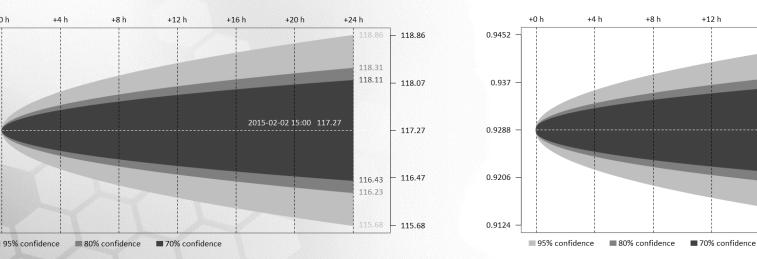


**USDJPY** Potential Rates

#### **EURUSD** Potential Rates



#### **GBPUSD** Potential Rates



#### **USDCHF** Potential Rates

+16 h

+20 h

2015-02-02 15:00 0.9288

+24 h

0.9396 0.9376

0.92 0.918 0.9452

0.937

0.9288

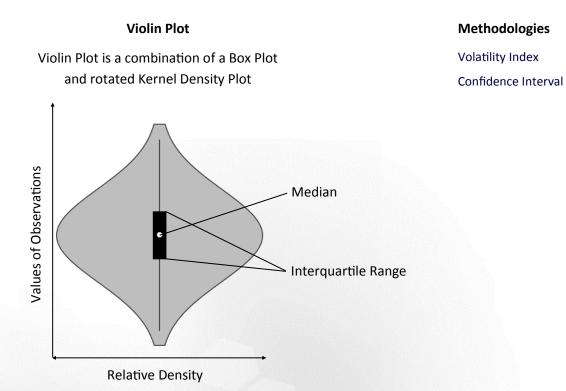
0.9206

0.9124



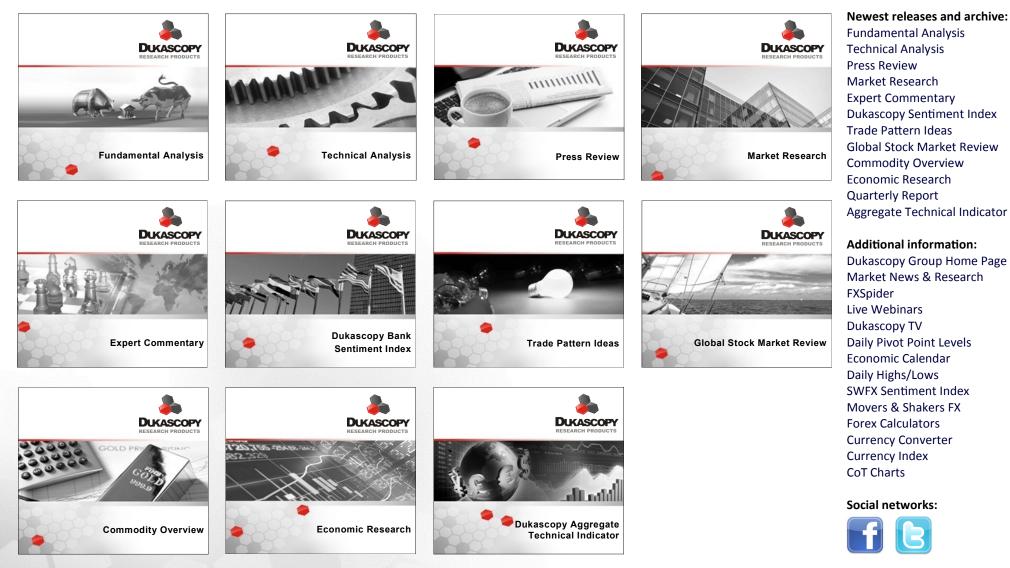


## **EXPLANATIONS**



Dukascopy Bank SA, Route de Pre-Bois 20, International Center Cointrin, Entrance H, 1215 Geneva 15, Switzerland tel: +41 (0) 22 799 4888, fax: +41 (0) 22 799 4888





#### Disclaimer

Everything in this article, including opinions and figures, is provided for informational purposes only and may not be interpreted as financial advice or solicitation of products. Dukascopy group assume no responsibility for the completeness or the accuracy of any data contained in this article. Financial figures indicated in this article have not been verified by the Dukascopy group. Views, opinions and analyses are those of the author of the article, and are not endorsed by the Dukascopy group.

Dukascopy group waive any and all warranties, express or implied, regarding, but without limitation to, warranties of the merchantability or the fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to all information in this article. Dukascopy group shall under no circumstances be responsible for any direct, indirect, consequential, contingent or any other damages sustained in connection with the use of this article.